The Pyongyang Times

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UNSHAKABLE IS FRIENDSHIP AND SOLIDARITY BETWEEN PEOPLES OF KOREA AND YUGOSLAVIA

A Grand Pyongyang Mass Meeting Held to Welcome Comrade JOSIP BROZ TITO

On August 28 a grand Pyongyang mass meeting was held at the Moranbong Stadium in welcome of Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia and President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, on an official friendship visit to our country at the invitation of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung attended the mass meeting together with Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

More than 100,000 working people and student youth in the city were assembled at the meeting place.

Present at the rally with them were leading personnel of the Party and government bodies and working people's organizations, generals of the Korean People's Army and leading functionaries from scientific, educational, cultural, art, public health and press circles.

Invited there were staff members of the Embassy of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and diplomatic envoys of various countries in Pyongyang.

Set up with due respect in the midst of the columns of the attendants were a portrait of the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung and a portrait of the outstanding leader of the Yugoslav people Comrade Josip Broz Tito, flanked by the slogans reading: "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the outstanding leader of the Yugoslav people Comrade Josip Broz Tito!"

Floating high in the sky above the stadium were big balloons ribboned with the national flags of Korea and Yugoslavia and the streamers with the words "welcome" and "friendship". Also seen were slogans: "Warm welcome to the friendship envoy of the Yugoslav people!" and "Long live the indestructible friendship and unity between the Korean people and the Yugoslav people!"

The national flags of Korea and Yugoslavia were flying on the flagpoles.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito raise high their clasped hands in response to the enthusiastic cheers of the crowds

At 4 p.m. the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, in company with Comrade Josip Broz Tito, appeared on the platform amid the strains of the welcome music. At the moment, stormy cheers of "manse!" (hurrah) and thunderous applause rocked the earth and sky and hundreds of gun salvos were boomed to present a canopy of colourful fireworks.

The Korean and Yugoslav letters "warm welcome", "welcome Tito", "friendship" and "unity" appeared on the background in turn.

The stadium was turned into a sea of flowers as more than 100,000 people waved bouquets.

They expressed their joy of greeting the goodwill mission of the Yugoslav people, intimate friends, who maintained the bond of friendship with our people through an anti-imperialist, anti-fascist armed struggle in earlier days and have further strengthened and developed it in the common struggle to realize the anti-imperialist, independent idea of the Non-Alignment.

The platform was taken by the entourage of Comrade Josip Broz Tito and others.

In the platform party were cadres and personages concerned of our country.

When the enthusiastic applause and cheers of "manse!" rose to a higher pitch, lovely Juvenile Corps members presented fragrant flowers to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito. They also presented bundles of bouquets to the others who were in the platform party.

The mass meeting began with the playing of the national anthem of the SFRY and the Patriotic Song of our country.

The great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, made a speech at the meeting.

The entire attendants warmly welcomed and supported the speech of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader.

Then the title of honorary citizen of Pyongyang was awarded to Comrade Josip Broz Tito, the outstanding leader of the Yugoslav people and a close friend of our people.

Comrade Chong Jun Gi, Chairman of the Pyongyang City People's Committee, presented a certificate of honorary citizen of Pyongyang to Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung firmly shook hands with Comrade Josip Broz Tito who received the certificate.

The attendants gave enthusiastic applause in congratulation of the acceptance of the certificate by Comrade Josip Broz Tito who has pursued an independent line and policy paving an independent way for the development of Yugoslavia and thus made a great contribution to the common cause of the progressive peoples of the world.

Comrade Chong Jun Gi also presented Comrade Josip Broz Tito with a silk banner in the name of the mass meeting. The silk banner is emblazoned side by side with the national flags of the two countries and embroidered in gold thread with the slogan bearing the words "Long live the indestructible friendship and solidarity between the Korean people and the Yugoslav people!"

Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the LCY and President of the SFRY, spoke next.

His speech was warmly welcomed by the attendants.

The mass meeting ended with the performance of the Patriotic Song of our country and the national anthem of the SFRY.

The rally strongly demonstrated the unbreakable friendship and solidarity between the peoples of Korea and Yugoslavia who are striving to achieve the common cause under the banner of independence.

President JOSIP BROZ TITO Concludes DPRK Visit

Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia and President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, who had been in our country on an official goodwill visit from August 24 at the invitation of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, left Pyongyang on the 30th by special plane upon successful conclusion of his itinerary.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, accompanied Comrade Josip Broz Tito from the Guest House to the airport and bade the guests a tender farewell.

Tens of thousands of farewell bidders gave a hearty send-off to Comrade Josip Broz Tito en route.

Put up with due respect in the midst of the throngs of well-wishers numbering several thousands at the airport who were carrying the national flags of Korea and Yugoslavia, bouquets and balloons were a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, and a portrait of Comrade Josip Broz Tito, the outstanding leader of the Yugoslav people, flanked on either side by the slogans: "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live Comrade Josip Broz Tito, the outstanding leader of the Yugoslav people!"

Big balloons ribboned with the flags of Korea and Yugoslavia and streamers bearing the words "Friendship" and "Solidarity" were afloat high in the sky over the airport. The flags of two countries were fluttering on the flagpoles and big national emblems of the two countries were hung on the facade of the airport building.

Standing in the airport compound were also the placards reading: "Rousing send-off to Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia!" "Long live the indestructible friendship and unity between the Korean and Yugoslav peoples!" "Let us unite with the peoples of the world who advocate independence!" and "The non-aligned movement is a mighty anti-imperialist revolutionary force of our times!"

As the cheers of "manse!" (hurrah) burst forth, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung arrived at the airport together with Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

Among those who were at the airport to leave for home were the entourage of Comrade Josip Broz Tito and suite.

Present at the airport to see off the guests were cadres of our country and the DPRK Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the SFRY.

Also on hand were the Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the SFRY to the DPRK, SFRY embassy staffs and foreign diplomatic envoys in Pyongyang.

A grand farewell ceremony took place at the airport.

The Patriotic Song of our country and the national anthem of the SFRY were played and a 21-gun salute boomed.

Accompanied by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, Comrade Josip Broz Tito reviewed a guard of honour of the ground, naval and air forces of the Korean People's Army.

Comrade Josip Broz Tito and his party exchanged farewell greetings with cadres of our country and foreign diplomatic envoys in Pyongyang who were out at the airport to see them off.

Lovely Juvenile Corps members presented bunches of fragrant flowers to the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung firmly shook hands with Comrade Josip Broz Tito and warmly hugged him.

Comrade Josip Broz Tito expressed thanks for the hospitality afforded by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung during his stay in our country and emplaned, responding to the enthusiastically cheering crowds.

At 10:15 the special plane carrying the guests took off at the Pyongyang airport pervaded with the warm feelings of friendship towards the Yugoslav people.

During the visit talks were held between the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

During their sojourn Comrade Josip Broz Tito and his party inspected a number of objects in Pyongyang and its suburb and were accorded a warm welcome and hospitality by our people wherever they went.

Talks

Talks were held on August 27 between the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, and Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the LCY and President of the SFRY.

Present at the talks on the Korean side were Comrades Pak Sung Chul, Kim Dong Gyu, Kim Yong Nam, Ho Dam, Chong Jun Gi, Kye Ung Tae, and functionaries concerned Kim Ik Hyon, Li Jong Mok and Kim Gil Hyon, and Chong Gwang Sun, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the DPRK to the SFRY.

Present at the Yugoslav side were Stane Dolanc, Secretary of the Executive Committee of the Presidency of the CC of the LCY; Veljko Milatovic, President of the Presidency of the Socialist Republic of Montenegro; Milos Minic, Vice-President of the Federal Executive Council and Federal Secretary for Foreign Affairs of the SFRY; Aleksandar Grlickov, Secretary of the Executive Committee of the Presidency of the CC of the LCY; Emil Ludviger, Member of the Federal Executive Council and Federal Secretary for Foreign Trade of the SFRY; Tode Vardziski, SFRY Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the DPRK; Berislav Badurina, Chief of the Presidential Office of the Republic; Dusan Vujatovic, Deputy Federal Secretary for National Defence; Vladislav Obradovic, Director of the International Department of the LCY Central Committee Presidency; Blazo Mandic, Press Adviser to the President of the Republic; Milivoje Maksic, Foreign Policy Adviser to the President of the Republic; Radmilo Trojanovic, Private Secretary to the President of the Republic; Dusan Gaspari, Department Director of the Federal Secretariat for Foreign Affairs; and Borislav Milosevic, Deputy Director of the International Department of the LCY Central Committee Presidency.

At the talks a consensus of views was reached on the questions discussed.

The talks proceeded in a comradely, cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Talks were held on the 29th in Pyongyang between the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, and Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the LCY and President of the SFRY.

Present on the occasion was Stane Dolanc, Secretary of the Executive Committee of the Presidency of the CC of the LCY.

The talks passed in a comradely, sincere and friendly atmosphere.

On the same day group discussions were held in Pyongyang to elaborate on the questions which had been discussed at the talks between the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

Discussions took place between Comrade Kim Yong Nam and Aleksandar Grlickov, Secretary of the Executive Committee of the Presidency of the CC of the LCY, between Comrade Ho Dam and Milos Minic, Vice-President of the Federal Executive Council and Federal Secretary for Foreign Affairs of the SFRY and between Comrade Kye Ung Tae and Emil Ludviger, Member of the Federal Executive Council and Federal Secretary for Foreign Trade of the SFRY.

The discussions proceeded in a comradely and friendly atmosphere.

Return Call

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, paid on the 29th a return call on Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the LCY and President of the SFRY.

Present on the occasion in company with Comrade Josip Broz Tito was Stane Dolanc.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a talk with Comrade Josip Broz Tito in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Title of Hero Awarded to Comrade TITO

Under a decree of the Central People's Committee of the DPRK the title of Hero of the DPRK was awarded to Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

The awarding ceremony was held in Pyongyang on the 29th.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was present at the ceremony.

Present on the occasion were our cadres and personages concerned.

Also present were Comrade Josip Broz Tito's entourage and others.

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The Non-Aligned Countries and All the Peoples of the World Advocating Independence Should Form a United Front against All Forms of Dominating Forces

Speech of Comrade KIM IL SUNG

At Mass Meeting

Esteemed Comrade Josip Broz Tito,
Dear guests from Yugoslavia,
Comrades and friends,

The people of all walks of life in our capital have today turned out to this stadium to welcome esteemed Comrade Josip Broz Tito in a joyful festive mood.

I take this meaningful opportunity to warmly welcome once again the visit of our close friend Comrade President to our country.

This unprecedentedly beautiful, magnificent scene presented today in Pyongyang is a vivid expression of our high respect and fraternal feelings for Comrade Josip Broz Tito who has struggled for the cause of the working class and the freedom and liberation of his fatherland and people since his youthful days, and for the Yugoslav people.

This is a mighty demonstration of friendship and unity between the peoples of the socialist countries developing on the basis of independence and is an excellent symbol of friendship and solidarity between the member states of the non-aligned movement marching shoulder to shoulder towards the common goal of independence.

Both Korea and Yugoslavia have maintained independence and worked out their destinies by their own efforts.

Our two peoples take pride in the fact that all our successes in the internal and external activities are fruits of the independent line and they are firmly determined to accomplish their Juche-oriented revolutionary cause to the end.

Ours is an era of independence, and it is a universal truth to maintain independence in the revolution and construction.

Following the contemporary trend of independence, the socialist forces, the national liberation movement, the working-class movement and the democratic movement are growing steadily.

The Non-Alignment which appeared on the stage of history as a great political force reflecting the strong trend of independence has become a mighty anti-imperialist revolutionary force of our times.

With the development of socialism on a world-wide scale and the expansion and strengthening of the Non-Alignment, the world revolutionary forces have decisively gained in strength, whereas the imperialist reactionary forces have become extremely weakened.

According to its law of development history is moving on inexorably towards the victory of the people's cause for peace and democracy, national independence and socialism.

The process of the historical change today when the world is being transformed, is constantly attended by a fierce struggle between the revolutionary forces and the counter-revolutionary forces, between the peoples of various countries advocating independence and the old and new dominating forces.

The imperialist reactionary forces are making desperate efforts to get clear of their decay and ruin and are more viciously engaged in all kinds of plots and manoeuvres as the economic crisis sweeping the capitalist world is becoming more serious.

Resorting to another trick, the imperialists are ostensibly exhibiting the signboard of "peace" with a louder noise. In fact, however, they are stepping up preparations for aggression and war.

In this connection we should be especially vigilant against the moves of the forces of imperialism, neo-colonialism and dominationism that are engaged in biddings for bigger shares everywhere in the world and trying to draw the non-aligned countries to their sides to put under their domination and control and split and disintegrate the non-aligned movement and other revolutionary forces of the world.

But no force on this earth can reverse the trend of history.

In order to cope with the prevailing situation the non-aligned countries and all the peoples of the world advocating independence should form a united front against all forms of dominating forces and resolutely repulse their machinations for division, disintegration and scrambling.

The socialist countries and the Communist and Workers' parties should promote cohesion and co-operation by finding out common denominators on condition of standing against imperialism, supporting the national-liberation struggle in colonies and the international working-class movement, continuing the building of socialism and refraining from interfering in the internal affairs of other parties and countries.

The non-aligned countries must prevent split and defend unity, and the differences and disputes arising among the non-aligned nations should be solved through consultation on the principle of organically combining their national interests with the interests of the Non-Alignment as a whole and strengthening their unity.

The non-aligned nations, the developing countries should ensure the unity of action to establish a new international economic order; and even if they have a temporary economic difficulty, they should never be lured by the "aid" given by the foreign dominating forces which is something in the nature of causing illness and then administering medicine; and they should, on no account, be deceived by the latter's mischief-making, splitting tricks.

We will bravely surmount all obstacles lying in the way of advance and continue to march forward along the road of victory, by resolutely countering, with the strategy of unity, the manoeuvres to alienate and divide the progressive forces of the world and destroy them one by one.

To divide and rule is originally a well-worn device of the imperialists and colonialists.

That is why the imperialists are also pursuing the policy of dividing our country into "two Koreas" for good.

We will never tolerate any attempt to split our people into two because we have been living as a homogeneous nation through history.

This time Comrade President has affirmed on many occasions that he will, in the future, too, oppose the "two Koreas" plot of the splittists at home and abroad and do everything to support and encourage the struggle of our people for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

This is a great encouragement to our people.

Esteemed Comrade President,

Korea and Yugoslavia have fought shoulder to shoulder for the common cause of the international working class and the oppressed nations, as socialist countries adhering to independence and as members of the Non-Alignment.

At the talks and conversations held on several occasions by now we have exchanged very useful opinions on a number of questions now confronting the international communist and working-class movements and the non-aligned movement and other international problems of common concern, the question of strengthening the friendship and solidarity between our two countries and the question of Korea's reunification, and reached an unbreakable agreement.

We have made a firm promise to expand and develop in future the friendship and cooperation between our two Parties, two countries and two peoples in all of the political, economic, cultural, scientific and technical fields and make greater joint efforts to strengthen and develop the international communist and working-class movements and the non-aligned movement.

Our visit to your country in 1975 and your present visit to our country are striking proof that the good relations of friendship and cooperation between our two countries are in full bloom, and they will go down as the most brilliant event in the history of brotherly friendship between our two peoples.

This constitutes a great contribution to promoting the revolutionary cause of the peoples of the world who stand for independence.

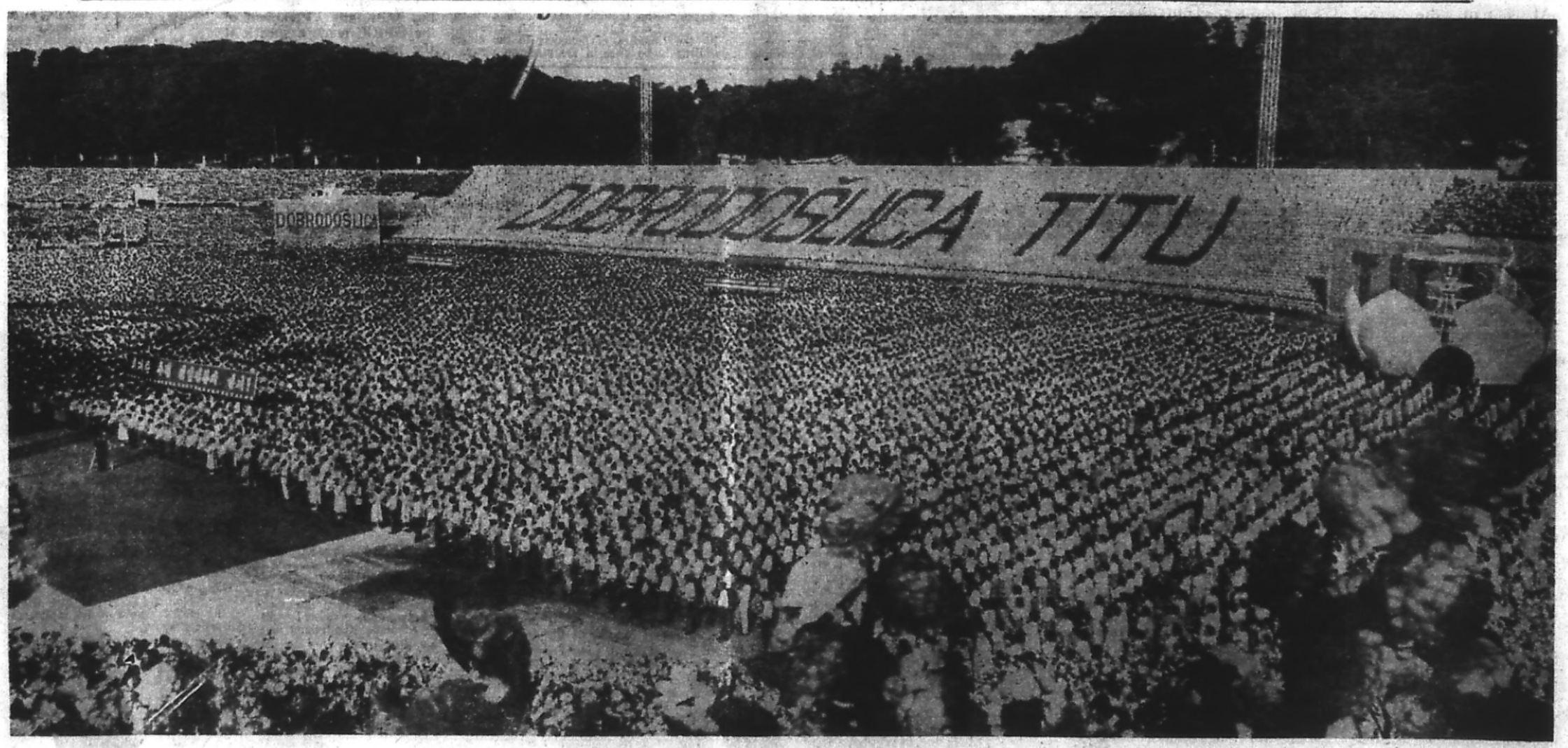
We are extremely happy that the visit of Comrade President to our country is registering successes.

Our people will continue to fight with vigour for the final victory of the cause of class emancipation, national liberation and human liberation in firm unity with the peoples of the socialist countries, with the international working class, with the non-aligned peoples, with the progressive peoples of Europe and all peoples of the world advocating independence, and will render an active support and encouragement to the peoples of all countries in their struggle against imperialism, colonialism, neo-colonialism, dominationism, racism and zionism.

In conclusion, at this place where the feeling of welcome is running high in endless waves, I sincerely wish you, our intimate friend Comrade President Josip Broz Tito, to continue to lead the Yugoslav people energetically in good health and achieve still greater success in the struggle for the independent development and prosperity of your country.

Long live the fraternal friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Yugoslav peoples!

Long live the solidarity of the peoples of the world advocating independence!



A Pyongyang mass meeting welcoming Comrade Josip Broz Tito

I Wish the Korean People New Successes in the Further Development of the Socialist Society and in the Realization of Their Inalienable Right to the Reunification Of Korea in the Conditions of Peace and Independence

Speech of Comrade JOSIP BROZ TITO

At Mass Meeting

Esteemed Comrade President Kim Il Sung,
Esteemed Comrade Chairman of the Pyongyang City People's Committee,
Dear citizens of Pyongyang,

Allow me to thank you most cordially for this very friendly mark of attention.

I wish in particular to thank you, Comrade President Kim Il Sung, for your very kind words addressed to our country and to the peoples of Yugoslavia, as well as to me personally.

I also address my warmest thanks to all the citizens of Pyongyang, whose honorary citizen I have become today, for the unforgettable expressions of friendship extended to us at every step.

I warmly greet all the participants in this magnificent gathering, all those who will take part in this—I am convinced—very beautiful performance we are going to see. To all participants, in particular to the youngest ones, I express our feelings of deep gratitude for the trouble they took to present in such a colourful and symbolic way the struggle and socialist construction in our two countries, as well as our friendship.

For all of us this is a memorable experience, which confirms the deep mutual respect and genuine friendship existing between the peoples of our two independent, socialist and non-aligned countries.

I avail myself of this opportunity to convey to you all the most cordial greetings from the citizens of our capital city Belgrade and from all our peoples.

We are well acquainted with the diligence of one million of your capital's inhabitants and the outstanding successes that you have recorded in the construction of the new and modern Pyongyang. Even during this brief stay of ours, we have been able to acquaint ourselves in part with the results of your staunch work and I am indeed pleased to state that we are highly impressed with all that you have accomplished.

We know that Pyongyang was totally destroyed during the war, levelled to the ground, and that you had to rebuild everything with immense difficulties in the process. You have built indeed a beautiful and a modern city, with magnificent buildings, wide boulevards, schools, hospitals. We see that your city also has a strong industrial base and good facilities for a further all-round development. You may rightly be proud of your achieved results. Therefore, I wish to express our appreciation and our sympathies to the working class and to all the citizens of Pyongyang for their efforts and working enthusiasm with which they have been building their happy future.

We very well know—since after our victorious revolution we had to begin literally from scratch—that all this is a result of self-sacrifice and dedicated work of your working people, of your working class, the leadership and constant care of President Kim Il Sung and the Workers' Party of Korea.

All you have done is therefore so close and understandable to us since our capital city Belgrade was also heavily demolished in the war. Already in the first attack and air raids, Hitler's invaders destroyed much of what we had. But they could neither crush nor stifle the heroic spirit of resistance of the freedom-loving Belgrade and of other cities and villages all over our country.

Our whole country was ruined during the war. Although in addition to material damage we also suffered extensive human losses, after the war we became even stronger and more united, more resolute to follow the road of socialist development and independence, to safeguard and consolidate the achievements of our revolution.

We have come to visit your beautiful country guided by sincere wishes to contribute, for our part, to the promotion of the friendly co-operation between our peoples. We are sincerely glad to see that this co-operation and friendship between our two countries is being strengthened day-in day-out. All this has been accomplished through patient work, profound mutual respect for independence and equality. Besides the closeness of our liberation and revolutionary struggle in the past, we are also linked together by our devotion to socialism and non-alignment. **By our adherence to the movement of non-aligned countries, we have been rendering a great contribution to independence of peoples and countries, to development of new, more just political and economic international relations, to the cause of progress and peace in the world.**

Today no one will contradict the fact that the world needs peace. But there will be, nor can there be, a genuine peace unless the problems besetting the international community are resolved, unless existing hotbeds of crises are extinguished and the flare-ups of new ones prevented. It is for this reason that we extend full support to all peoples fighting for freedom and independence, for peace and progress in the world.

Allow me, dear comrades and friends, to thank you once again for this magnificent performance. **At the same time I wish you new successes in the further development of the socialist society, in the further assertion of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and, above all, in the realization of the inalienable right of your people to the reunification of Korea in the conditions of peace and independence.**

Availing myself of this opportunity, I extend our most beautiful wishes to Comrade President Kim Il Sung on his birthday anniversary celebrated this year.

His name is inseparably linked with your achievements in the struggle for your national liberation and overall changes, for socialism and national reunification.

May the Democratic Peope's Republic of Korea continue to prosper in all areas and to register further progress.

Long live the friendship and co-operation between the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

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After the decree was read out, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung conferred the title of Hero of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea as well as gold medal and the Order of National Flag First Class upon Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the LCY and President of the SFRY.

On the same day DPRK orders and medals were conferred upon those accompanying Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

By a decree of the Central People's Committee of the DPRK, the Order of National Flag First Class was awarded to Stane Dolanc, the Order of Labour to Veljko Milatovic, the Order of National Flag Second Class to five persons, the Order of Freedom and Independence Second Class to another five persons, the Order of National Flag Third Class to 11 persons and Merit Medal and Distinguished Military-Service Medal to others.

The Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG Awarded the Highest Order

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was awarded "Order of the Yugoslav Great Star", the highest order of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

The awarding ceremony was held in Pyongyang on the 29th.

Present there were Comrade Josip Broz Tito, those in his company and others.

Also on hand were our cadres and personages concerned.

After a decree was read out, Comrade Josip Broz Tito awarded "Order of the Yugoslav Great Star", the highest order of the SFRY, to the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK.

Art Performance and Mass Gymnastic Display

Comrade Josip Broz Tito saw the magnificent mass gymnastic display "Song of Korea" performed by 50,000 school boys and girls of Pyongyang at the Moranbong Stadium on the 28th.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was with Comrade Josip Broz Tito to see the mass gymnastic display.

Prior to the start of the mass display, **the performers showed different scenes they had prepared in welcome of Comrade Josip Broz Tito.**

The Yugoslav letters "Warm welcome to the outstanding leader Comrade Josip Broz Tito!" were inscribed on the background and school children forming gymnastic columns danced with flower-patterned scarves and bunches of bouquets, shouting "Welcome! Tito!" and "Welcome! Tito!"

Then the mass display "Song of Korea" was performed.

The magnificent mass display showing with collective gymnastic technique and artistic depiction the brilliant achievements made by our Party and people in the revolution and construction under the wise leadership of the great leader was highly acclaimed by the guests and spectators.

In the chapter dedicated to internationalist friendship and solidarity the mass display delighted the guests by excellently showing, with their graceful rhythmical movement and formation and with the stirring slogans and pictures presented on the background, the successes registered by the Yugoslav people in the building of a new society under the energetic leadership of Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

At the end of the mass display, a picture showing the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung firmly shaking hands with the outstanding leader of the Yugoslav people Comrade Josip Broz Tito appeared in place of honour on the background and flags inscribed with a portrait of the respected and beloved leader and a portrait of Comrade Josip Broz Tito fluttered on a formative tower standing high above the gymnastic columns. That moment all the spectators rose to their feet and loudly sang, together with the performers, "Song of General Kim Il Sung" and the Yugoslav song "With Marshal Tito".

When the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito raised high their firmly clasped hands in token of friendship and unity between the Korean and Yugoslav peoples, hundreds of gun salvos were fired into the skies and the performers and spectators sent up the cheers of "manse!" more enthusiastically towards the platform.

Earlier, on the afternoon of the 27th a music and dance performance was given by Pyongyang artists at the Mansudae Art Theatre in honour of Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung appreciated the artistic presentation together with Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

The performance won a great admiration of the audience.

When it was over, Comrade Josip Broz Tito, in the company of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, mounted the stage, presented a floral basket to the artists congratulating them on their successful performance and posed for a photograph with them.

On the 26th Comrade Josip Broz Tito was entertained with songs and dances of kindergarten children in his honour.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife saw the children's performance together with Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

A scene of the mass gymnastic display delineating the friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Yugoslav peoples

Luncheon and Dinner

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife hosted on August 26 a luncheon and dinner in honour of Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

Present on the occasion was Stane Dolanc.

The luncheon and dinner passed in a cordial atmosphere overflowing with the sentiments of fraternal friendship.

Farewell Banquet

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung arranged a farewell banquet in honour of Comrade Josip Broz Tito at the Kumsusan Assembly Hall on the evening of August 29.

Invited to the banquet were Comrade Josip Broz Tito and his entourage and suite.

Present there were our cadres and personages concerned.

The banquet proceeded in a cordial atmosphere overflowing with the feelings of comradely friendship.

Inspection

In company with the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife, Comrade Josip Broz Tito visited Yonpung-ho Lake on August 26.

Stane Dolanc and others accompanying

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Comrade Josip Broz Tito also visited the lake.

They were accompanied by our cadres and personages concerned.

Upon his arrival at Yonpung that day in company with the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, Comrade Josip Broz Tito was enthusiastically welcomed by the local people.

When the train carrying the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito arrived, thousands of welcomers warmly greeted the guests waving the flags of the two countries and bunches of flowers and raising the cheers of "manse!"

The guests were met at the railway station by Comrade Li Gun Mo and guiding personnel of local Party and government bodies.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito reviewed a guard of honour of the Korean People's Army.

The welcomers standing in rows on either side of the road heartily greeted the guests, sending up cheers till the car carrying the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito went out of sight.

Together with the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife, Comrade Josip Broz Tito inspected the lake by an excursion boat.

That day the guests inspected with deep interest Yonpung-ho Lake picturesque in scenery and much helpful to agricultural production.

After the inspection tour of the lake, Comrade Josip Broz Tito had a photograph taken with the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

During their stay the members of the delegation went to see a series of objects in and around Pyongyang.

Some members of the delegation visited historic Mangyongdae and inspected the Museum of the Victorious Fatherland Liberation War.

They also inspected the Pyongyang Metro, the Korean Art Gallery, the Pyongyang Students and Children's Palace, the Korean Central History Museum, the Central Industrial-Agricultural Exhibition and the Chongsan Cooperative Farm.

On the evening of August 29 the Central Committee of the Korean Journalists Union hosted a party in honour of the press corps members of Yugoslavia accompanying Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

During the Yugoslav guests' sojourn here a joint communique of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia was made public.

The recent visit to our country by Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia and President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, was a very important occasion which made powerful contributions to further development of the friendly relations and cooperation between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and greatly helped towards peace, security, equal international cooperation and in particular, the cause of the Non-Alignment and towards the promotion of the cooperation among Communist and Workers' parties and other progressive forces.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito pose for a photograph after the ceremonies for awarding the title of Hero and the highest order

The title of honorary citizen of Pyongyang was awarded to Comrade Josip Broz Tito

EDITORIAL

An Epochal Event Which Adorned the History of Korea-Yugoslavia Friendship with Brilliance

Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia and President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, who had paid an official goodwill visit to our country at the invitation of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, concluded his itinerary and after the visit a joint communique of the DPRK and the SFRY was released.

The recent visit to our country by Comrade Josip Broz Tito had been very successful and it marked a milestone which adorned the history of Korea-Yugoslavia friendship with brilliance. The whole course of his visit was a demonstration of the friendship and solidarity between the peoples of the socialist countries developing on the basis of independence and between the member states of the Non-Alignment that advance shoulder to shoulder for the common cause of independence.

Comrade Josip Broz Tito and his entourage, the friendship mission of the Yugoslav people, were accorded exceptionally warm welcome and hospitality by our people everywhere they went during their stay in our country.

During the visit talks were held between Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, and Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the LCY and President of the SFRY, in a very cordial, comradely atmosphere of friendship and in the spirit of complete mutual respect and understanding. The process of the talks showed the close relations between the two heads of state and the two countries.

As is pointed out in the joint DPRK-SFRY communique, at the talks wide-range views were exchanged on the ways and means of further developing the friendship and comprehensive cooperation between the two countries and on important international issues and a unanimity of views was reached on the matters discussed.

Indeed, the visit to our country by Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the LCY and President of the SFRY, and the talks held between the two heads of state during the visit marked an important occasion which added a definite contribution to the further development of the relations of fraternal friendship and cooperation between the two Parties, two countries and two peoples of Korea and Yugoslavia and greatly helped towards expediting the revolutionary cause of the peoples of the world who advocate independence and especially the cause of the Non-Aligned Movement and to peace and security and promotion of international cooperation.

We are much pleased to note the success of the visit to our country of Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the LCY and President of the SFRY, and warmly support and hail the joint communique published after the visit as the one in accord with the aspiration of our people.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"Korea and Yugoslavia have fought shoulder to shoulder for the common cause of the international working class and the oppressed nations, as socialist countries adhering to independence and as members of the Non-Alignment."

Korea and Yugoslavia are far apart geographically, but they, as socialist countries espousing independence and as member states of the Non-Aligned Movement, have struggled in concert for the common cause of the international working class and the oppressed nations and in this course the two countries have maintained close ties of friendship helping and supporting each other.

The bonds of brotherly friendship and cooperation between the two countries, Korea and Yugoslavia, entered a new stage of efflorescence through the Yugoslav visit of the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung in 1975 and have been strengthened and developed still further through the Korean visit of the outstanding leader of the Yugoslav people Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

During the recent visit the two heads of state made a firm promise to further expand and develop the friendly and cooperative relations between the two Parties, two countries and two peoples in all spheres of politics, economy, culture, science and technology in the days to come.

To further expand and develop the Korea-Yugoslavia relations of friendship and cooperation—this conforms with the common interests and desire of the peoples of both countries and tallies with the interests of the cause of socialism, the Non-Aligned Movement, world peace and progress.

The Korean people always sincerely rejoice over the successes gained by the Yugoslav people in the building of the socialist society based on self-management under the leadership of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia headed by their leader Comrade Josip Broz Tito and highly evaluate the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia for its struggle to establish new relations of equality based on independence on the international scene and its endeavour to actively push forward the Non-Aligned Movement, and express firm solidarity with them.

This stand of our people was again explicitly manifested in the recent joint communique.

In the joint communique and on a number of occasions, Comrade Josip Broz Tito, the outstanding leader of the Yugoslav people, highly appraised the shining successes the Korean people have scored under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in various fields of socialist construction, regarding the immortal Juche idea as their guiding principle and embodying it. Voicing unreserved support for the three principles and five-point policy set forth by the great leader for national reunification, Comrade Josip Broz Tito contended the earliest withdrawal of all foreign troops from south Korea, denounced the "two Koreas" plot of the splittists at home and abroad and reaffirmed his readiness to actively support and encourage with might and main also in the future our people's struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

This gives a great encouragement to our people who are fighting to win their just cause without fail.

During the talks the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and the outstanding leader of the Yugoslav people Comrade Josip Broz Tito discussed important international problems and reached a definite agreement. This acquires a great significance not only in strengthening the friendship and solidarity between the two countries but also in developing the international communist and working class movements and the Non-Alignment and accelerating the onward movement of the era of independence.

It is noted in the joint communique that during the talks the two heads of state assessed the international situation and stressed that the world is undergoing tremendous changes in the direction of victories of socialism and national liberation movement and that the progressive forces demanding national independence, sovereignty and the establishment of fair international relations are playing a great role. This makes clear the basic trend of the era of independence and its propelling force.

As the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said, ours is an era of independence, and it is a universal truth to maintain independence in the revolution and construction.

Independence is the life and soul of a country and nation. The idea of independence and the line of independence are becoming a faith and the principle of action for the progressive peoples of the world.

The present age is precisely a new historical epoch when the long-cherished desire of mankind for independence is being translated into reality. Following the trend of the times towards independence, the socialist forces, the national liberation movement, the working class movement and the democratic movement keep growing in strength and scope. With the development of socialism on a world-wide scale and the expansion of the national liberation movement the world revolutionary forces have decisively grown stronger and the reactionary forces of imperialism have become extremely weakened. It is a natural trend of the development of history that the cause of the peoples for peace and democracy, national independence and socialism, the cause of the peoples for defending independence emerge victorious. It gives the progressive peoples of the world a great encouragement to define the present era as an age of independence.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito referred to the role of the Non-Aligned Movement in the struggle to establish fair international politico-economic relations and in the struggle against imperialism, colonialism and dominationism and all forms of aggression and intervention, subordination and inequality and to its influence exerted on the world politics and laid emphasis on the necessity of defending and cementing the unity of this Movement and enhancing its role. This is fully justifiable in view of the principles and ideal of the Non-Alignment, the current international situation and the demand of the revolutionary cause of the world's progressive peoples.

The Non-Aligned Movement which appeared on the arena of history reflecting the strong tide of the age of independence is a mighty anti-imperialist revolutionary force of our times, an independent political force and its influence exerted on the development of the general international situation is tremendous. The strengthening of the Movement is of weighty importance in developing the just struggle of the progressive peoples.

Moreover, at present the forces of imperialism, neo-colonialism and dominationism, engaged in biddings for bigger shares everywhere in the world, are trying to draw the non-aligned countries to their sides to put them under their domination and control and split and disintegrate the Non-Aligned Movement and other revolutionary forces of the world and this has caused a complex situation and so it is urgently called for to strengthen the unity of the Non-Aligned Movement.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"In order to cope with the prevailing situation the non-aligned countries and all the peoples of the world advocating independence should form a united front against all forms of dominating forces and resolutely repulse their machinations for division, disintegration and scrambling."

Resolutely countering, with the strategy of unity, the manoeuvres to alienate and divide the progressive forces of the world and the Non-Aligned Movement and destroy them one by one is the most correct way for the non-aligned nations to prevent the danger of split and continue to follow the path of victory. Unity will bring about victory and dispersion is meant to be wrecked piecemeal. Unity is a sure guarantee for the triumph of the anti-imperialist independent cause of the Non-Alignment.

It is natural that the differences and disputes arising among the non-aligned nations should be solved through consultation on the principle of organically combining their national interests with the interests of the Non-Alignment as a whole and strengthening their unity.

As is underscored in the joint communique, it is highly important that the non-aligned countries firmly unite themselves and strive to implement the decisions of the Fifth Summit Conference of the Non-Aligned States and the resolution of the Ministerial Meeting of the Coordination Bureau of the Non-Aligned Countries in New Delhi and struggle to ensure the establishment of a new international economic order and the independent advancement of developing countries and that the non-aligned nations and developing countries strengthen economic and technical ties and cooperation. It is also necessary to conduct activities so that the Special Session of the UN General Assembly on Disarmament might contribute to adopting an action programme which will prescribe the principles and orientations for curbing the arms race.

The two heads of state reviewed the situation in various parts of the world and expressed support and solidarity for the struggle of the Asian peoples against imperialist aggression and interference and all forms of domination and inequality and for the independent development of their respective countries, the struggle of the Arab peoples for the withdrawal of the Israeli aggressors from the occupied Arab lands and for national independence and sovereignty and territorial integrity, the struggle of the Palestinian people for their legitimate national rights, the struggle of the southern African peoples for freedom and independence and the struggle of all African peoples for national independence and sovereignty, the endeavours aimed at peace, security, equal cooperation and the relaxation of tension in Europe and the struggle of the Latin American peoples against outside interference and in defence of national sovereignty and for consolidation of economic independence.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the WPK, and Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the LCY, reviewed the situation and developments in the international workers and communist movements, and progressive movement as a whole and they assessed that socialism has become a world trend and that the struggle for socialism is waged by the Communist and Workers' parties and other progressive forces on the basis of full independence and autonomy and declared that the Workers' Party of Korea and the League of Communists of Yugoslavia will, in the future, too, work towards strengthening equitable relations in the international communist and working class movements and the development of the cooperation with all the Communist and Workers' parties, Socialist and other progressive parties and movements on the basis of maintaining independence.

This clearly shows the invariable, unshaken stand of the two countries and two Parties of Korea and Yugoslavia to promote the just cause of the world's people for defending independence against imperialism, colonialism, neo-colonialism, dominationism, racism and Zionism and further strengthen the international communist and working class movements and progressive movements.

Truth to tell, the recent official friendly visit to our country by Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia and President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, at the invitation of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and the results of the talks held during the visit mark an epochal occasion of adding a new chapter to the annals of fraternal friendship between the two Parties, two countries and two peoples of Korea and Yugoslavia, constitute an important contribution to developing the common cause of the progressive peoples the world over and the Non-Aligned Movement and also powerfully demonstrate the correctness and invincible vitality of the idea of independence and the line of independence.

The Korean people set store by the friendship and solidarity with the Yugoslav people and will do everything in their power to further strengthen them.

Our people will continue to fight staunchly for the triumph of the cause of class emancipation, national liberation and human liberation in firm unity with the peoples of the socialist countries, with the international working class, with the peoples of non-aligned countries, with the progressive peoples of Europe and all peoples of the world advocating independence, and will render an active support and encouragement to the peoples of all countries in their struggle against all forms of dominating forces and oppressive forces such as imperialism, colonialism and dominationism

We heartily wish the Yugoslav people yet greater successes in their future socialist construction.

(Reprinted from "Rodong Sinmun")

Joint Communique of the DPRK and the SFRY

At the invitation of Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and President of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia, paid an official friendly visit to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea from August 24 to August 30, 1977.

During the visit talks were held between Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and President of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia.

Present at the talks on the Korean side were Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Administration Council of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea; Comrade Kim Dong Gyu, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Vice-President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea; Comrade Kim Yong Nam, Alternate Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, Secretary of the Party Central Committee and Director of its Department of International Affairs; Comrade Ho Dam, Alternate Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, Vice-Premier of the Administration Council and Minister of Foreign Affairs; Comrade Chong Jun Gi, Alternate Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, Vice-Premier of the Administration Council and Chairman of the Pyongyang City People's Committee; Comrade Kye Ung Tae, Vice-Premier of the Administration Council of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and Minister of Foreign Trade; Comrade Kim Ik Hyon, Vice-Minister of People's Armed Forces; Comrade Li Jong Mok, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs; Comrade Kim Gil Hyon, Deputy Director of the Department of International Affairs of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea; and Comrade Chong Gwang Sun, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

Present on the Yugoslav side were Comrade Stane Dolanc, Secretary of the Executive Committee of the Presidency of the Central Committee of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia; Comrade Veljko Milatovic, President of the Presidency of the Socialist Republic of Montenegro; Comrade Milos Minic, Vice-President of the Federal Executive Council and Federal Secretary for Foreign Affairs of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; Comrade Aleksandar Grlickov, Secretary of the Executive Committee of the Presidency of the Central Committee of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia; Comrade Emil Ludviger, Member of the Federal Executive Council and Federal Secretary for Foreign Trade of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; Comrade Tode Vardziski, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea; Comrade Berislav Baturina, Chief of the Presidential Office of the Republic; Comrade Dusan Vujatovic, Deputy Federal Secretary for National Defence; Comrade Vladislav Obradovic, Director of the International Department of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia Central Committee Presidency; Comrade Blazo Mandic, Press Adviser to the President of the Republic; Comrade Milivoje Maksic, Foreign Policy Adviser to the President of the Republic; and Comrade Dusan Gaspari, Department Director of the Federal Secretariat for Foreign Affairs.

The talks proceeded in a very cordial, comradely and friendly atmosphere and in the spirit of complete mutual respect and understanding. This characterizes the friendly relations between the two heads of state and two countries.

Comrade President Josip Broz Tito and the members of his delegation visited a number of objects in the capital, Pyongyang, and its suburb.

The Korean people accorded exceptionally warm welcome and hospitality to Comrade President Josip Broz Tito and his associates. This marks an expression of the friendly relations and mutual respect between the peoples of Korea and Yugoslavia, both socialist countries and members of the Non-Aligned Movement.

Comrade President Kim Il Sung and Comrade President Josip Broz Tito exchanged wide-range views on ways and means for further promoting the friendship and comprehensive cooperation between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and on the important international issues.

Both sides reached a unanimity of views on the matters discussed.

Comrade President Kim Il Sung informed Comrade President Josip Broz Tito of the socialist construction in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the present development of the situation in the Korean peninsula and the initiatives undertaken by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea aimed at bringing about the independent and peaceful reunification of the country without any outside interference.

Comrade President Josip Broz Tito, on his part, informed Comrade President Kim Il Sung of the socialist construction in Yugoslavia and the ongoing activities in preparation for the 11th Congress of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia.

Comrade President Josip Broz Tito highly appraised the brilliant successes the Korean people have achieved in political development as well as in the development of the economy and culture of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea led by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung by implementing the revolutionary line of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence with the Juche idea as their guiding compass.

Comrade President Josip Broz Tito also renewed his full support for the three principles and five-point proposition for national reunification initiated by Comrade President Kim Il Sung and expressed firm solidarity with the Korean people in their cause for national reunification.

Comrade President Josip Broz Tito condemned the imperialists and the south Korean authorities for their "two Koreas" plot designed to perpetuate the division of Korea, expressed unreserved support to the just struggle of the south Korean people for democratization of society and the independent and peaceful reunification of the fatherland and contended that all foreign troops stationed in south Korea, the major stumbling-block to Korea's reunification, should withdraw at the earliest possible date.

Comrade President Kim Il Sung warmly congratulated the Yugoslav people on their shining successes made in the building of the socialist society based on self-management under the leadership of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia headed by their leader Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

Comrade President Kim Il Sung welcomed and expressed firm solidarity with the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia for its struggle to establish new relations of equality based on independence on the international scene and for its contribution to the active promotion of the Non-Alignment.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and President of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia, expressed satisfaction over the friendly relations and comprehensive cooperation between the two Parties and two countries developing very successfully in the common interests of the two peoples and in conformity with world peace, progress and the cause of socialism.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, paid an official friendly visit to Yugoslavia in June, 1975 and met Comrade Josip Broz Tito; this was a historical occasion of developing anew the ties of friendship and cooperation between the two countries.

The two heads of state pointed out that there exist conditions and readiness for raising in future to a still higher level the all-round relations of friendship and cooperation between the two countries.

Both sides affirmed that the continuous and rapid development of economy, science and technology of the two countries open new possibilities in further expanding the mutual cooperation.

Both sides noted that the work of the recently set up Consultative Commission for Economic and Scientific-Technical Affairs between the two countries constitutes substantial initial successes in that direction and stressed the necessity to work continuously on further expanding and developing the economic and in particular the scientific and technical cooperation between the two countries.

Both sides, with special emphasis on the significance of the cooperation between the Workers' Party of Korea and the League of Communists of Yugoslavia and between the social organizations of the two countries in developing the relations between the two countries as a whole, assessed as positive the past cooperation between the two Parties and recognized the need for its further intensification.

The two heads of state stressed that the world is undergoing tremendous changes in the direction of victories of socialism and national liberation movement and noted that the progressive forces fighting for the strengthening of national independence, for sovereignty, for the democratization of international relations, and for equitable participation of all countries in just settlement of outstanding international political and economic problems are playing an ever greater role.

Both sides also expressed concern over the deterioration of the situation in some areas of the world, especially in the African regions and over the growing tendencies and attempts to preserve by force and pressure the existing inequitable political and economic relations.

Today the policies of imperialism, neo-colonialism and dominationism and all forms of oppression and exploitation constitute main danger to peace and independence, equality of people and social progress.

The two heads of state stressed that the Non-Aligned Movement is an independent political force of our times which is playing an ever greater role in the struggle for peace and security, equitable cooperation and the implementation of more just system of international political and economic relations and in the struggle against imperialism, colonialism, neo-colonialism and dominationism and all forms of aggression and interference, subordination and inequality, and is giving more important influence over the world policy.

Today various forces of domination in the world are giving pressure by different forms and ways on the non-aligned countries and try to divide them and weaken the unity of their Movement in order to subordinate them.

The two heads of state stressed the need for safeguarding and cementing the unity of the non-aligned countries and for strengthening their role in solving the international problems and reaffirmed their readiness to invest their efforts together with the other non-aligned countries to thwart all attempts of breaking up the Non-Aligned Movement.

Both sides pointed out that differences and existing problems among the non-aligned countries should be solved in amicable and peaceful way in accordance with the principles of the Non-Aligned Movement based on mutual respect and equality and in conformity with the principles of unity and interests of individual countries and Non-Aligned Movement as a whole.

The two heads of state expressed their determination to make an invariable active contribution to implementing the decisions of the Fifth Summit Conference of the Non-Aligned States held in Colombo and the resolution of the Ministerial Meeting of the Coordination Bureau of the Non-Aligned Countries in New Delhi.

Both sides, emphasizing the indispensability of establishing a new international economic order based on equality and respect for the interests of all countries, resolutely advocated the free exercise of the sovereign right of the developing countries over their own natural resources, a more equitable distribution of the world income and the fulfilment of conditions for the faster independent development of these countries.

Both sides insisted that the non-aligned and developing countries should strengthen the economic and technical ties and cooperation between them which will contribute to their more rapid development and social progress.

Expressing concern over the stepped up arms race, which is assuming unprecedented proportions the two heads of state pointed out the necessity of an increased activity of the non-aligned countries so that the Special Session of the UN General Assembly on Disarmament might contribute to curbing the arms race and adopting an action programme which will prescribe the principles and guidelines for the initiation of a process of genuine disarmament.

The two heads of state reviewed the situation in various parts of the world.

Both sides expressed firm solidarity with the peoples in Asia who are fighting against aggression and interference by the imperialists and all forms of domination and inequality and for the independent political and economic development of their respective countries.

The two heads of state considered that the tense situation in the Middle East is the result of an aggressive policy of Israel backed by the imperialists.

The Middle East crisis can be overcome only on the conditions of the Israeli withdrawal from all the occupied Arab territories, of the ensurance of independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of the countries of this area and the legitimate national rights of the Arab people of Palestine, including the right to the establishment of an independent state.

Both sides emphasized the importance of the strengthening of the unity and solidarity of the Arab peoples in the struggle for a just and durable solution of the Middle East question.

The two heads of state underlined the necessity of bringing the process of decolonization to its end and contended an immediate elimination of colonialism, apartheid and racial discrimination in southern Africa.

Both sides expressed their resolute support to the struggle of the peoples of Zimbabwe, Namibia and South Africa for their early accession to complete freedom and independence.

The two heads of state resolutely called for strict adherence to independence, sovereignty, territorial integrity and the non-aligned policy of the African countries and for the complete realization of the right of the African people to decide their internal affairs freely and independently without any foreign interference.

Both sides, reviewing the current trends in Europe, pointed out the necessity to continue the endeavours aimed at peace, security, equal cooperation and the relaxation of tension in Europe and stressed that peace in this area would make contribution to the cause of peace in the Mediterranean area and in the world in general.

The two sides expressed their support to the Latin American peoples in their struggle to safeguard the full national sovereignty, to strengthen their economic independence and to oppose the outside interference.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, and Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia, reviewed the situation and developments in the international workers and communist movements, and progressive movement as a whole.

Both sides assessed that socialism has become a world trend and that the struggle for socialism is waged by the Communist and Workers' parties and other progressive forces on a very broad front on the basis of full independence and autonomy.

The variety of ways and forms in which the working class, Communist and Workers' parties and other progressive forces have been conducting their struggle for social transformation and the building of a socialist society is the result of different historical and political and economic circumstances prevailing in individual countries.

Both sides affirmed that the working class, Communist and Workers' parties and other progressive forces and movements are entitled to determine the ways of their struggle to establish new socio-political and economic relations independently without any outside interference and that they are responsible for their revolutionary practice to their working class and people of their country.

Both sides stressed the necessity of strengthening the cooperation between the Communist and Workers' parties and all the progressive forces on the principles of independence, equality, non-interference and the free choice of the roads of their own development and responsibility to their own people and working class.

The two heads of state recognized that the differences between individual parties and countries should not be an obstacle to the development of cooperation.

Proceeding from these principles the Workers' Party of Korea and the League of Communists of Yugoslavia will, in the future, too, work towards strengthening equitable relations in the international communist movement and working class movement and the development of the cooperation with all the Communist and Workers' parties, Socialist and other progressive parties and movements on the basis of maintaining independence.

The two heads of state expressed satisfaction over the results of the current visit and the talks held in Pyongyang and expressed the confidence that the cooperative relations between the two countries will be deepened in the spirit of friendship, mutual understanding and respect.

Both sides pointed out that the official friendly visit to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea by Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and President of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia, and the talks held between Comrade President Kim Il Sung and Comrade President Josip Broz Tito marked very important occasions which made powerful contributions to further developing the friendly relations and cooperation between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and greatly contributed to peace, security, equal international cooperation and in particular, the cause of the Non-Aligned Movement and promotion of the cooperation among the Communist and Workers' parties and progressive forces.

Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and President of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia, expressed his thanks for the warm welcome and cordial hospitality accorded to him and his associates during his visit.

Comrade President Josip Broz Tito invited Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, to visit the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

This invitation has been accepted with thanks.

Pyongyang, August 29, 1977

Central Report Meeting Held to Commemorate 50th Anniv. Of Formation of YCL of Korea

A grand central report meeting was held at the Mansudae Assembly Hall on August 26 to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the formation of the Young Communist League (YCL) of Korea organized and guided personally by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Put up with due respect on the platform of the meeting hall was a portrait of the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The meeting hall was packed with those who participated in the anti-Japanese revolutionary war, officials of Party and government bodies, economic establishments and working people's organizations and personages from scientific, educational, cultural, art, public health and press circles as well as working people in Pyongyang and soldiers of the People's Army.

Also present were members of the delegations of Koreans in Japan and a group of Koreans who came from Japan to visit the homeland.

The platform was taken by Comrades Kim Il, Pak Sung Chul, Kang Ryang Uk, O Jin U, So Chol, Rim Chun Chu, O Baek Ryong, Li Yong Mu, Kim Hwan, Kim Chol Man, Kong Jin Tae and Hwang Jang Yop; those who participated in the anti-Japanese revolutionary war, leading personnel of social organizations, and Party and government bodies in Pyongyang, generals of the Korean People's Army, Combat Heroes and Labour Heroes.

In the platform party were Li Ho Mo, Chairman of the Saitama Prefectural Headquarters of Chongryon (General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), who was heading the delegation of chapter functionaries of Chongryon; Kim Su Jin, a section chief of the educational department of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon, who was heading the fifth delegation of Korean educational workers in Japan; Son Ho Ju, Representative Director of the Korean Traders and Manufacturers' Association in Tokyo, who was heading the delegation of the Edogawa Chapter and Ueno second branch of Chongryon; and Li Tae Un, Vice-Chairman of the Chiba Prefectural Headquarters of Chongryon, who was heading the 35th home-visiting group of Koreans from Japan.

Comrade Rim Chun Chu made a report at the meeting.

In his report Comrade Rim Chun Chu said:

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung formed the Young Communist League of Korea on August 28, 1927 with those members who were firmly prepared through struggle in many revolutionary organizations, whose hard-core elements were those tempered and tested in the Anti-Imperialist Youth League (AIYL).

Its formation, he noted, was a brilliant fruit of the outstanding concept of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on building a militant, revolutionary vanguard organization of the working class and a great event in bringing our anti-Japanese national liberation struggle and communist movement onto a new, higher plane.

The YCL, an illegal revolutionary organization, was a most militant and revolutionary vanguard organization ensuring unified guidance for all the anti-Japanese mass organizations of youth and children and a revolutionary organization of Juche type, guided by the revolutionary ideas of the respected and beloved leader, whose basic mission was to fight for their realization, the reporter pointed out.

He went on:

Its formation meant that our youth and other people came to have a vanguard organization which would ensure unified guidance for all the legal and illegal mass organizations of children and youth and to put spurs to the historic forward movement, aimed to make the Juche idea sweep the revolutionary ranks.

It also helped train young people in an organized way to become hard-core communist elements equipped with the firm revolutionary world outlook and backbone forces who would take upon themselves the Korean revolution and further hasten the preparations for the founding of a revolutionary party of Juche type.

After the YCL formation the great leader directed much attention to expanding the organization, ensuring the purity of the ranks and securing the political and ideological unity and cohesion of the revolutionary ranks and strove to consolidate it so that it could become a militant revolutionary organization with strong organizational nature and discipline.

The reporter pointed out that under the energetic guidance of the great leader student youth and children and broad masses went through a higher revolutionary political awakening and he united them to the revolutionary organizations centering around the YCL and mobilized the organized forces in the struggle against the Japanese imperialists and the reactionary warlords in league with them and smashed all hues of opportunism.

The reporter went on:

In accordance with the grand conception of the Korean revolution elaborated in the thick of arduous struggle, the great leader convened the historic Chialun Meeting in June 1930 and scientifically defined the character and tasks of the Korean revolution and, on this basis, set forth the line of anti-Japanese armed struggle, the line of an anti-Japanese national united front and the policy of founding a party, all inspired with the Juche idea.

The Juche-based line of the Korean revolution advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was an independent line based on the firm stand of Juche that the master of our revolution was the Korean communists and the Korean people and accordingly the victory of the revolution should and can be won by our people themselves; it was a solely correct guiding principle to be held fast to by the Korean communists in the stage of the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution.

The Juche-based line and policy for the Korean revolution were successfully implemented by the young communists, and dependable communist revolutionary forces representing a new generation grew up in the flames of the arduous and rigorous struggle.

It was the YCL which made it possible to ensure the monolithic leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung for the anti-Japanese mass organizations, further strengthen the unity of the ranks of the communist movement and the cohesion of the anti-Japanese revolutionary forces. And through this League immortal exploits and valuable experiences were accumulated in our communist movement and national liberation struggle, the reporter stressed.

He continued:

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"Both the preparation of the organizational nucleus for Party building and the founding and reinforcement of the Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army were started with the activities of the Young Communist League. We trained many youths as devoted revolutionary fighters by intensifying the work of the Young Communist League and other youth organizations".

The respected and beloved leader set forth an original idea of the alliance of three forces, the idea that calls on the Party, the Young Communist League and the Children's Corps to unite close and carry the revolution to completion and steadily expanded the YCL and reorganized it into the Anti-Japanese Youth League of Korea in keeping with the demands of the situation, thus knitting broader masses of youth together in the revolutionary ranks and rearing young communists as the leadership of the revolution, dependable hard-core elements for founding a party in the flames of struggle.

The YCL founded in the glorious period when the new path of our revolution was paved by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, which grew stronger and developed in the storms of the arduous anti-Japanese armed struggle fought staunchly to carry out his Juche-motivated line of the Korean revolution, holding high the banner of revolution, the banner of independence, which had been lifted high by the Down-with-Imperialism Union (DIU) and thus made an imperishable contribution to the realization of the historic cause of the fatherland's restoration and national liberation.

Under the wise leadership of the great leader the historic roots of the Korean revolution and the communist movement of our country were laid and the glorious revolutionary traditions established in the period of protracted, arduous anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle, the reporter stressed, and continued:

Through the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle the ideological system of Juche was firmly established in the communist movement of our country, many hard-core communist elements grew up, the identity of revolutionary ranks in thought and purpose was achieved with the great leader as the centre and powerful internal revolutionary forces built up, able to successfully build a new society and realize the cause of socialism and communism.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung founded our Party in time after liberation on the basis of the thorough organizational and ideological preparations made in the flames of the arduous underground struggle and bloody armed struggle, thus building up the militant General Staff of our revolution and an organized vanguard, a guiding force capable of rallying the entire people as one and vigorously rousing them to the building of a new society.

Thanks to the revolutionary traditions of Juche established by the respected and beloved leader as an eternal wherewithal, our Party could be founded as a most revolutionary and militant party on a most solid foundation. Having the invincible revolutionary vanguard, our people have become able to confidently carry on the revolutionary struggle and construction work full of new confidence and fighting spirit under the leadership of the Party.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung founded our Party, the revolutionary government, working people's organizations and regular armed forces of the people and wisely led them to successfully carry out the agrarian revolution, the nationalization of industries and tasks of all other anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution, thus converting in a short span of time the northern half of our Republic into the strategic centre for the Korean revolution, bulwark for national reunification.

Our revolutionary ranks have been firmly built up with veteran revolutionary fighters who, following the great leader, have fought staunchly overcoming all hardships and trials since the period of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle, veteran Party members who have confidently covered the road of revolution under the uplifted banner of the Party since its inception and trustworthy younger generation of revolution who have grown up in the worthwhile struggle for the socialist revolution and the socialist construction.

Our Party and people are highly proud to have this great asset and herein lies a firm guarantee for the victory of our revolution, the reporter noted, and stressed:

The political and ideological unity and revolutionary cohesion of our Party and people that form the steel-like revolutionary detachment, rallied close around the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung with one thought and one purpose are the unbreakable and vital unity and cohesion.

All achievements and great changes in the revolution and construction of our country as well as the victorious advance of the Korean communist movement are entirely attributable to the wise leadership of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the reporter noted, and said:

As there is the great leader there are the ever-victorious Workers' Party of Korea and the invincible revolutionary ranks of Juche. And as there is the wise leadership of the great leader there is a firm guarantee for the victory of the cause of socialism and communism in our country.

But the cause of our revolution has not yet been accomplished and we are on the road of revolution.

The reporter condemned the criminal "two Koreas" plot of the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and their stepped-up preparations for war, and said:

We should vigorously wage the Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement under the uplifted revolutionary slogan "Let's meet the requirements of Juche in ideology, technology and culture!" and rally the entire Party members and working people more closely around the great leader, further accelerate the revolution and construction and thereby promote the independent reunification of the country and the cause of socialism and communism.

Bright is the future of our people under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, who are determined to carry through the revolutionary cause of Juche, the cause of socialism and communism. Victory and glory are always in store for us, the reporter declared.

Meanwhile, colourful functions took place to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the YCL foundation.

On August 24, a central scientific seminar was held. On the evening of August 28, youth and students in Pyongyang gathered at the open-air theatre in the Moranbong Youth Park for a song party, dedicated to the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

PAK JUNG HI PUPPET CLIQUE WILL SURELY BE METED OUT STERN JUDGEMENT FOR THEIR TREACHEROUS ACTS

A Clumsy Farce

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who have lost face because of the disclosure of their operation for bribing US Congressmen are now scheming to block the expansion of the case and hide its truth.

Pak Dong Son who had run away to London soon after the exposure of the puppet clique-manipulated bribery operation in the United States was taken back to Seoul by the agents of the south Korean Central Intelligence Agency (KCIA) on August 18.

The puppets are spreading a rumour that he has come to see "his sick mother".

But, on arriving in Seoul he concealed his whereabouts. A week later, he appeared at a press interview with his prearranged manuscript. In his press interview he made excuse at great length, saying that he has nothing to do with the bribery scandal. Then he disappeared again. Prior to his meeting with the reporters he was called to the Seoul District Public Procurator's Office and subjected to an "investigation" of a certain kind.

After his return to south Korea, he has become a player of the play written and staged by the puppets with a view to covering up the shady inside of the case.

Nowadays, the US public circles demand the recall of Pak Dong Son to the United States and the investigation of the truth of the bribery case. The US House Ethics Committee recently sent an investigator to London to recall him,

If Pak is subpoenaed to the United States and placed under investigation, the true colour of the bribery scandal will be clarified more saliently through his mouth.

Afraid of this very thing, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique hurriedly spirited him back to Seoul.

In order to make Pak Dong Son express his will not to return to the United States, the puppets forced him to declare before the reporters that he has neither made an application for denizenship in the United States nor has an intention to become a US citizen.

But, a few days before the press interview, the puppet Foreign Minister said that there is "no way" for the south Korean authorities to help the US authorities recall and investigate Pak Dong Son, because he has US denizenship.

As the proverb goes: "It takes two hands to make a handclap", their incoherent remarks came from their desperate efforts to prevent his return to the United States.

The puppets induced Pak Dong Son to say that he never offered bribes to US Congressmen nor had any relations with the "government".

What an absurdity!

If it is true, why did the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique whisk away Pak Dong Son to London after the exposure of the bribery scandal and lure him to Seoul in great haste when the matter of his recall was placed on the order of the day?

They leave no stone unturned to conceal their bribery scandal, but their reckless acts further reveal their shamelessness.

The Pak Jung Hiites are military gangsters who stop at nothing to cover up their unfair practices. They may kill Pak Dong Son, if necessary, to prevent the disclosure of the truth of the case.

This is well proved by their past doings. Their spiriting away of Pak Dong Son with US denizenship to south Korea is undeniable encroachment upon the sovereignty of the United States.

What merits attention is the attitude of the United States to be taken in this connection.

Ryu Hwan

Pak Jung Hi Atrocious Traitor

These days the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, paying no heed to the unanimous demand of the people of Korea and the rest of the world for the unconditional and complete withdrawal of the US troops from south Korea, are obstinately trying to have them remain in south Korea at any cost. On the other hand, they are stepping up their "two Koreas" plot as never before.

Saying that the US troop pullout from south Korea will endanger "security", disturb "equilibrium" and cause a "threat", the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are leaving no stone unturned to find an unreasonable pretext. And they are more noisely kicking up anti-communist clamours, turning down all our just and fair proposals for the country's independent and peaceful reunification.

They prattle that "split is better than unification" and bring forth absurd assertions in succession, such as "simultaneous entry to the UN", "separate entry to the UN" and "cross recognition", defying world-wide condemnation.

Such a machination of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique is nothing but an attempt to seek their personal pleasure in return for their fixing the split, creating the "two Koreas" and offering south Korea to the US imperialists for ever.

This fully reveals the true colours of Pak Jung Hi as a traitor.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"The present rulers who form the south Korean puppet regime today are traitors who in the past, like all their predecessors, betrayed the country and the people."

The successive rulers of the south Korean puppet regime are stooges without exception. But Pak Jung Hi is a heinous top-level traitor, with no equals in the world.

Quisling Pak Jung Hi's treacherous act was started before liberation. At a time when the Korean Communists and patriots were putting up a bloody struggle against the Japanese imperialist aggressors for the restoration of the fatherland, this guy, betraying the nation, joined the Japanese imperialist army and performed "meritorious deeds" while serving as a commanding officer and earned the title of a "special-grade Japanese".

Immediately after the defeat of Japanese imperialism in 1945, he became a special agent of the US CIA. He acted as an informant for the US against many patriotic-minded people to have them executed. This won him unusual favour of his master. At last in 1961 he took the presidential chair of the puppet regime at the point of bayonets in accordance with the script written by the US imperialists.

Ever since his treacherous act has become more undisguised.

No sooner had he taken power than traitor Pak Jung Hi went to the United States, met Kennedy, the then boss of the US imperialists, and promised him "to do anything for the United States", saying: "I will always get ahead of Your Excellency and act in concert". Later, he reaffirmed that he would faithfully put into effect the treaties and agreements which the successive puppets had concluded with their master. Meanwhile, he even concluded or revised the "south Korea-US mutual defence treaty" that guarantees the occupation of south Korea by the US imperialist aggressor troops and their unlimited plunder and the "south Korea-US status of forces agreement" that ensures the extraterritorial position and special rights of the US imperialists. Nor is this all. He resumed the "south Korea-Japan talks" which his predecessors failed to conclude and committed such a thrice-cursed criminal act as fixing his seal to the "south Korea-Japan agreements" on June 22, 1965, saying: "The future of south Korea is hardly thinkable apart from relying on Japan", "Even if I am branded as 'the second Li Wan Yong' and denounced as a traitor, I will bring the talks to completion without fail". The "south Korea-Japan agreements" opened the way for the Japanese militarists to reinvade south Korea politically, economically and militarily.

By leaving everything to the hands of his two masters, quisling Pak Jung Hi enabled them to act freely in south Korea.

Today south Korea cannot do anything without the instruction and approval of its master—from the mapping out and execution of policies, enactment of laws and compilation of the budget to the appointment of officials and their release from office and assessment of charges.

The command prerogative of the south Korean armed forces is also entirely in the hands of the US imperialist aggressor troops.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique sold off the "development right" and "management right" to the foreign imperialists and introduced foreign monopoly capital without limit, thus reducing the south Korean economy to a completely dependent economy. Moreover, they are polluting our beautiful land through the introduction of the pollutional industries which are rejected even in foreign countries as a "dustbin".

Rockefeller, Mitsui and other magnates of the United States and Japan which thronged to south Korea under the plausible name of "loan" and "investment" have seized 100 per cent of the oil refinery industry, 80 per cent of the electric power industry, 65 per cent of the cement industry and 100 per cent of the plastic and pulp industries, thereby holding sway over the south Korean economy.

That is why papers now describe the south Korean economy as a dependent economy and a ruinous economy which is susceptible to the influence from the United States and Japan.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique traded off the country lock, stock and barrel. Not content with this, they sold out even the seabed resources to the Japanese reactionaries through the "south Korea-Japan agreement on continental shelf".

They make no scruple of selling even fellow countrymen.

Traitor Pak Jung Hi sent a large number of youth and middle-aged to the battlefields of Viet Nam as cannon fodder on the instruction of the US imperialists to force them to meet with an unnatural death. They are now trading off people to foreign countries under the name of "emigration" and "manpower export". Even in rough estimation their number amounts to 410,000.

Quisling Pak Jung Hi does not mind doing anything, if ordered by his master. He offered people to the US imperialists to be used for bacteriological weapons test. And they unhesitatingly cut away the internal organs from the dead bodies and present them to their master.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who are engrossed in treachery provide foreign sensualists with women as a plaything, saying: *Kisaeng* tourism is popular and is a lucrative business.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are traitors, rare in the world. It is as clear as day that if we leave them as they are, our nation cannot live harmoniously nor can the reunification of our country be achieved.

The crime the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique have committed before the country and the people is indelible down through generations to come.

They must admit their crime and resign as demanded by the people.

History will never tolerate traitors like Pak Jung Hi.

Yun Hae Ik

Kim Hyong Uk's Testimony Coincides with US CIA Materials: "Asahi Shimbun"

August 12 "Asahi Shimbun" quoted by KNS in Tokyo said that the US CIA has detailed materials with regard to the kidnapping of Kim Dae Jung committed in Tokyo four years ago, which substantiate the authenticity of the testimony of Kim Hyong Uk, former KCIA Director, who declared that "Kim Dae Jung abduction case was a KCIA product". The paper said that it was based on highly informed US source.

As for his testimony declaring that the kidnapping of Kim Dae Jung was a KCIA product, the US source said that it "is almost completely in accord with the materials at the CIA disposal", and stated that there is no ground at all to doubt the authenticity of his testimony.

Fraser, Chairman of the International Organizations Subcommittee of the US House of Representatives International Relations Committee, when he met the Japan Socialist Party investigation team visiting the United States on August 10, confirmed that "Kim Hyong Uk's testimony is entirely based on truth" and said that, though the Japanese authorities are trying to dismiss his testimony as unbelievable, the US authorities hold opposing views in this regard, reported "Asahi Shimbun".

The paper held that Fraser's confirmation was based on the US CIA materials on the south Korean puppets' kidnapping of Kim Dae Jung.

"Kim Jae Gwon's Letter"—A Fabrication

According to a foreign press report, an investigation team of the Japan Socialist Party which recently returned home after hearing a testimony of former Director of the south Korean "Central Intelligence Agency" (KCIA) Kim Hyong Uk now in exile in the United States stated that "Kim Jae Gwon's letter used by the Japanese government as a ground in refusing Kim Hyong Uk's testimony is a fabrication of the KCIA and the Japanese government".

"Kim Jae Gwon's letter" is allegedly a letter sent to a high-ranking official of Japan by Kim Jae Gwon, former minister of the puppet south Korean embassy in Japan, who directed the Kim Dae Jung abduction case.

It said that Kim Jae Gwon had never met Kim Hyong Uk and, accordingly, he had not told about the case to Kim Hyong Uk. The Japanese reactionaries published the content of this letter through Japanese press.

In this connection, Kim Hyong Uk said to the members of the investigation team:

"I cannot believe that Kim Jae Gwon has sent a letter refuting my statement to the Japanese government. If there is such letter it must be one trumped up by the KCIA to cover up the case.

"There is a talk about the lack of authenticity in my testimony. My testimony on the whole truth of the case was based not only on what I heard from Kim Jae Gwon but also on my personal investigation and confirmation in Tokyo, Osaka, Kobe and even in Takamatsu. As I used Kim Jae Gwon's car in Tokyo, the then Japanese driver would prove this. Hasegawa who had been a Councillor up until three years ago also knows it."

The JSP team met in Los Angeles Rim Jong Gun, a brother-in-law of Kim Jae Gwon, and heard from him that there had been "no contact between the Japanese government and Kim Jae Gwon".

These facts made clear by the JSP team show once again that the statement of a "high-ranking official of Japan" that he received a "letter" from Kim Jae Gwon and directly met him to hear him was a sheer lie.

(KCNA)

"Pak Jung Hi Is a Human Scum"

Professor of University of Ecuador Says

Hanibalbu, professor of law of Quito University of Ecuador, made public a statement on July 30 in denunciation of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's dirty bribery and violation of human rights, according to a report.

In his statement the professor said that the truth of the south Korean puppet clique's bribery scandal in the United States is becoming more salient day after day and that this scandal surpassing the Watergate case was practised by agents of the south Korean "Central Intelligence Agency" (KCIA) in the United States under the direct command of Pak Jung Hi.

The bribery scandal that has been brought to light shows that Pak Jung Hi is human scum who neither thinks of the nation nor has any spark of conscience and who stoops to any infamy to satisfy his lust for power, the professor declared, and went on:

Although the US authorities said they do not support a regime suppressing human rights, they continue rendering military aid to the Pak Jung Hi clique and staging joint military exercises with them. This, in fact, means that the United States is giving the south Korean ruling quarters "permission" to suppress human rights.

Under this US patronage and backing the Pak Jung Hi clique did not hesitate to commit such an act of violating human rights as the Kim Dae Jung abduction case and has turned south Korea into the biggest graveyard of human rights.

We strongly demand that the south Korean rulers give up their anachronistic anti-communist slogan, drop the policy of repressing people and immediately release Kim Dae Jung and all other democrats.

If the United States truly respects democracy and human rights, it should stop supporting and encouraging the Pak Jung Hi clique violating human rights.

Puppet Clique Engrossed In Human Traffic

According to a south Korean radio, the traitorous Pak Jung Hi puppet clique sold off 150 women on July 30 and August 2 to a country in the Middle East, under the name of "nurse".

It is said that these victims of traitors' human traffic would work in hospitals in the hands of plunderers.

These guys engrossed in money-making through trade in human life are planning to sell more than 6,000 women out to foreign countries under the name of "nurse" within a few years. The plan is now under way.

According to another report, they dispatched a "field investigation party" to the areas of South America in June last to make a bargain for selling off fellow countrymen. Under this bargain they handed over 60 peasant family units to a country in these areas under the name of "emigration".

Another investigation team is active there in an attempt to emigrate workers.

As we see, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique do not hesitate to sell off fellow countrymen for fortunes. Jobless people, peasants and poor inhabitants are the targets of their slave trade.

Traitor Pak Jung Hi Personally Arranges Female Companionship for US Masters

The August 4 issue of the US paper "New York Daily News", citing a "highly informed American source from Seoul", said that traitor Pak Jung Hi, boss of south Korean puppets, has personally selected prostitutes to accompany visiting US solons for the last seven years, according to foreign press reports from New York.

Noting that Pak Dong Son, the key figure in influence-peddling in the US by the south Korean puppet clique, set up gay quarters in Seoul for visiting US masters, the paper pointed out: "The quarters were used by about 50 American Congressmen".

Pak Dong Son made arrangements to give cash-filled envelops and gifts to Congressmen in hotel rooms after their arrival in Seoul and then they were given female companionship, the expenses of which were borne by Pak Dong Son.

Pictures were taken of at least 30 solons, some of them in "compromising positions".

It is reported that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique used these pictures to intimidate US Congressmen when their influence-buying activities failed.

Ours Is a New Historical Age When People Are Taking the Road of Independence

It is an irresistible main trend of our times that the world's people call for independence and a large number of countries are taking the road of independence.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has noted:

"The common desire of the progressive people to build an independent and creative new life against all forms of oppression and exploitation is becoming a decisive factor in opposing all the oppressive forces of imperialism, colonialism and dominationism, in destroying the old order and fundamentally changing the appearance of the world."

Imperialism is in the process of decline and ruin, hit hard by the people's liberation struggle and the struggle for independent development and the struggle for the defence of independence. On the three continents the colonial system of imperialism is facing its final disintegration and the sphere of the imperialist domination becoming narrower whereas the revolutionary forces of the world including the socialist forces and the national liberation movement are growing stronger with each passing day. The banner of national independence is flying all over the globe and the struggle of the peoples of the countries of the new-emerging forces to defend their sovereignty and achieve progress and prosperity has become a great factor in accelerating the process of changes in the world.

The world's people are struggling against imperialist aggression, interference, subjugation and inequality and for national independence, sovereignty, progress and prosperity because they hold independence dearer than anything else.

As is the case with man, independence is what keeps the country and the nation alive. Only when a nation is independent can it enjoy happiness and honour and an independent nation alone can achieve genuine independence and prosperity.

Independence is an inviolable right of each nation. The master of each nation is the people of that country and all nations have the inalienable right to decide their destiny by themselves.

Only when people defend independence and fully exercise national sovereignty can they be called people of a truly sovereign and independent state.

The age of independence is the age when peoples are struggling to put an end to the system of colonialist domination and oppression and, furthermore, to meet the demands of the countries and the nations for the termination of all forms of aggression and interference, subjugation and inequality and for the exercise of genuine sovereign rights and to realize the people's aspirations for independent development.

Independence can be achieved only through a struggle against imperialism, the arch criminal encroaching upon the independence of other nations and countries.

Imperialism is now going downhill. But it does not give up its aggressive designs on other countries and nations but is engrossed in aggression and interference against socialism and the national liberation movement.

Newly independent countries, the non-aligned countries can defend their independence and sovereignty and revolutionary gains and achieve progress and prosperity only by carrying on the struggle against imperialism.

Anti-imperialism and independence—this is the banner of struggle for the peoples in the age of independence.

As the non-aligned movement fully reflects the demands of the age of independence, it unites many countries with differing social systems and has a great impact on the development of the general international situation.

It is the strong trend of the development of history to defend independence.

It is very important to strengthen the unity of the non-aligned movement, the new-emerging forces in propelling the onward movement in the age of independence.

It is of urgent necessity to defend and further strengthen the unity of the non-aligned movement, the new-emerging forces particularly, today when the imperialists are employing a crafty splitting and alienating tactics to undermine these forces from within.

The countries of the new-emerging forces, the non-aligned countries are confronted with the task of bringing the cause of national liberation to completion and, at the same time, of demolishing the old international order and establishing a new international order corresponding to the interests of the world's people.

On the strength of the old international order the imperialists are trampling down the sovereignty of other countries and robbing the developing countries of their resources.

The imperialists must not be let to behave so arbitrarily on the international arena.

The non-aligned countries, the developing countries can shatter any machinations of the imperialists, promote their independent development and hasten the victory of the anti-imperialist common cause only if they firmly unite and closely cooperate with each other in the common struggle to build a new life, a new society, achieve independent development of the country, destroy the old international order and establish a new one.

No force on earth can check the onward movement in the age of independence. The just cause of the world's people for independence is sure to triumph.

Cho Won Sik

Libya on the Road of Independent Development

The people of Libya founded on September 1, 1969, 8 years ago, the Libyan Arab Republic after overthrowing the reactionary feudalistic dynasty.

At the General People's Conference of Libya held in February and March this year, the country was renamed "Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahirya".

Marking the 8th anniversary of the victorious Libyan revolution, our people extend warm congratulations and greetings to the Government of Libya and its people who are striving for the independent development of the country.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"...if the peoples of the developing countries work hard with a firm resolve to achieve the grandeur and progress of their countries and national prosperity with their own efforts and using their national resources on the principle of self-reliance, they will be able to carry out any difficult task."

After the victory of the revolution the Libyan Government and people have waged an energetic struggle for the construction of a rich and mighty, sovereign and independent state under the banner of anti-imperialism and anti-colonialism.

"Let's build our country by regaining all concessions from foreign monopolies!"—under this revolutionary slogan the Libyan Government has taken steps to nationalize the foreign imperialists-owned banks and companies including the "Texaco Overseas Petroleum Company" and restrict and confiscate their concessions, putting their business activities under state control.

These measures fully reflect the firm stand of the Libyan Government and people to curb the economic infiltration of imperialism and guide their destiny with their own efforts.

Also under the banner of "self-reliance" the Libyan people are building many heavy and light industry factories with their own efforts and with their resources available at home. Now, vigorous campaign for increased production is going on at textile, cement, glass, chemical fertilizer, tractor assembling and metallurgical factories.

Great attention is directed to the development of agriculture, too. The Government of Libya is carrying out the land reform and, on the basis of the nationalization of big farms, declared that the "green revolution" was its chief undertaking. Now it is mobilizing the people in its implementation.

New successes have been achieved in education and public health.

Today the Libyan people are putting spurs to the successful fulfilment of the tasks for the second year of the new Five-Year Plan.

All the successes gained in Libya are a brilliant fruit of the creative labour efforts of the people in that country. They show that, when the peoples of the developing countries take their destiny in their own hands and are all out in the building of a new life, they can perform great work.

Our people are very much pleased to see the successes the Libyan people have made and, at the same time, wish them greater success in the struggle for the building of a state, rich and powerful, independent and sovereign.

Chin Bang Hun

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